### CP2024-J-Rina Shahriyani Shahrullah-The Riau Islands Province

Province			
ORIGINALITY REPORT			
22% SIMILARITY INDEX	21% INTERNET SOURCES	14% PUBLICATIONS	12% STUDENT PAPERS
PRIMARY SOURCES			
1 eudl.e			1 %
2 portal Internet S	.research.lu.se		1 %
3 Subm Student Po	itted to Flinders U	niversity	1 %
4 semin Internet S	ar.unmer.ac.id		1 %
5 schola Internet S	ar.unand.ac.id		1 %
6 WWW. Internet S	scitepress.org		1 %
7 WWW. Internet S	ilomata.org		1 %
Musto Pratar	nto Bayu Setiawa ofa, Tia Rizki Febri na. "The Indonesi n's Progression in	anti, Luvieand an Criminal La	ra aw

### CP2024-J-Rina Shahriyani Shahrullah-The Riau Islands Province

by Antiplagiarism UIB Library

**Submission date:** 26-Jan-2024 05:50PM (UTC+0700)

**Submission ID: 2278865898** 

File name: 2022\_Desember\_31\_-\_The\_Riau\_Islands\_Province\_S4.pdf (462.09K)

Word count: 5790

Character count: 33415

# Universitas Internasional Batam Fakultas Hukum Jl. Gadjah Mada, Batam, 29442, Indonesia Phone: (0778) 743 7111 Ext, 140. Email: admin\_jpt@gmail.com

#### **Journal of Law and Policy Transformation**

Website : https://journal.uib.ac.id/index.0hp/jlpt | E-ISSN : 2541-3139

JLPT Vol 7, No. 2-December 2022



### THE RIAU ISLANDS PROVINCE GOVERNMENT'S COMMITMENTS ON THE PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES PROTECTION FROM NATIONAL AND INTERNATIONAL LAW PERSPECTIVES

Fahmi Ari Yoga\*, Rina Shahriyani 50 hrullah\*\*, Elza Syarief\*\*\*
Master of Law Program, Faculty of Law, Universitas Internasional Batam\*

37 culty of Law, Universitas Internasional Batam\*\*

Faculty of Law, Universitas Internasional Batam\*\*\*



This study aims to review the committeents of the Riau Islands Province in enforcing the PwD rights mandated by the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities (CRPD) and Law No. 8 64 2016 concerning Persons with Disabilities (PwD Law). This study adopts normative legal research by using secondary data, and examining it based on the content analysis. The study finds and concludes that PERDA KEPRI on PwD has incorporates the principles, purposes and rights under the CRPD. 125 vever, it is different from the current PwD Law because it does not specify the rights of women and children with disabilities, yet it remains to be valid because it is permitted by Article 150 of the current PwD Law. The commitments of the Riau Islands Province are also realized by concrete actions of KEPRI local governments, NGOs and communities by providing various assistance and activities for PwD.

Keywords: Persons with Disabilities, Human Rights, Riau Islands Province

#### A. Introfoction

The World Health Organization (WHO) reposited that "over 1 billion people are estimated to experience disability". Persons vish Disabilities (PwD) are categorized a vulnerable group because of their 'health condition (e.g., cerebral palsy, down syndrome and depression) and personal and environmental factors (e.g., negative attitudes, inaccessible transportation and public buildings, and limited social supports)'. PwD faces various challenges in exercising their rights in the sense that the rights of PwD are frequently violated and stigmatized and discriminated. Hence, disability constitutes a human rights issue and to ensure the protection and enforcement of the PwD rights, the United Nations adopted in 2006 the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities (CRPD) which aims "to promote, protect and ensure the full and equal enjoyment of all human rights and fundamental freedoms by all persons with disabilities, and to promote respect for their inherent dignity". As part of international community and member of the United Nations (UN), Indonesia is also committed to respect, protect, and fulfill the rights of Persons with

<sup>\*</sup> fahmi.ariyoga@gmail.com

<sup>\*\*</sup> rina@uib.ac.id

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> elza@uib.ac.id

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> World Health Organization, "Disability," World Health Organization, 2022 https://www.who.int/news-room/fact-sheets/detail/disability-and-health.

# Universitas Internasional Batam Fakultas Hukum Jl. Gadjah Mada, Batam, 29442, Indonesia Phone: (0778) 743 7111 Ext, 140. Email: admin\_ipt@gmail.com

#### **Journal of Law and Policy Transformation**

Website: https://journal.uib.ac.id/index.0hp/jlpt | E-ISSN: 2541-3139

JLPT Vol 7, No. 2-December 2022

Disabilities (PwD) by ratifying the CRPD through Law No. 19 of 2011 concerning Ratification of the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities. Consequently, the Indonesian government is obliged to realize the rights in the Convention through the adjustments of its laws and regulations to ensure the fulfillment of the rights of PwD in all aspects of life

Since human rights are universal, and they cannot be reduced, restricted, blocked, or eliminated by anyone, including the state. They must be respected, protected, and fulfilled by the state and its elements at the central and local government levels. At the national level, the 1945 Constitution of Indonesia explicitly provides provisions pertaining to human rights which are deemed for all citizens, including Persons with Disabilities (PwD). Article 1 (1) of Law No. 8 of \$\frac{1}{2}\$16 concerning Persons with Disabilities (PwD Law) defines PwD are 'any person who has long-term physical, mental, intellectual and/or sensory impairments who may face various challenges and barriers in their interaction with their surroundings to be able to fully, and effectively participate together with other citizens on the basis of equal rights'. PwD Law categorizes PwD into 4 (four) groups as follows:

- 1. Physical disabilities mean person with mobility functions impairment, including, among others, amputation, acute flaccid paralysis or paralyzed, paraplegia, cerebral palsy (CP), stroke-related paralysis, leprosy-related paralysis, and dwarfism.
- Person with intellectual disabilities means a person with intellectual impairment due to below-average level of intelligence, among others are learning difficulties, mental deficiency, and down syndrome.
- 3. Person with "mental disabilities" means a person with impairment in the mental, emotional, and behavioral functions, among others:
  - a. Psychosocial disabilities, among others schizophrenia, bipolar, depression, anxiety, and personality disorder; and
  - Developmental disabilities that affect their social interaction capacity, among others are autism and hyperactive.
- 4. Persons with sensory disabilities means a person with impairment in one of the five senses, among others are visual disability, hearing disability, and/or speech disability".

Due to various chargenges and barriers in their interactions with other individuals, Article 41 of Law No.39 of 1999 concerning Human Rights explicitly stipulates that the special treatments are given to PwD.

In addition to the laws relating to PwD at international and national level, the local government level must also provide protection and special treatments for PwD as they are mandated by international and national legal instruction. In this regard, the Riau Islands Province issued a Regulation No. 3 of 2012 concerning Protection and Empowerment of People with

Website : https://journal.uib.ac.id/index.0hp/jlpt | E-ISSN : 2541-3139

JLPT Vol 7, No. 2-December 2022

Disabilities. The Social Service (*Dinas Sosial/Dinsos*) of the Riau Islands Provincial (*Provinsi Kepulauan Riau*/KEPRI) recorded the number of PwD in KEPRI in 2019 are 1.846 people as shown by Table 1.

Table 1. Number of PwD in KEPRI in 2019

City/Regency	Number
Tanjungpinang	287
Bintan	269
Batam	555
Anambas	50
Lingga	181
Natuna	218
Karimun	286
Total	1846

Source: Batamnews, 2019<sup>2</sup>

Although God has created humans on this earth with the same position, it is humans themselves who create differences, both from attitudes, behaviors and treatments. This distinction is very influential and is felt by those who experience limitations physically and/or mentally whether they are born or disabled due to accidents or nutritional limitations.

Academic research conducted must have value, and must show its originality. To make it easier, the authors took samples of two previous studies that had the similar problem with the research conducted by the authors for comparison as mentioned; Law Enforcement Officials who still consider persons with disabilities as a weak group, That the 2016 Law on Persons with Disabilities has been legally enacted since it was promulgated 2 years ago, although it has not been followed by regulations implementation, namely Government Regulation (Peraturan pemerintah)<sup>3</sup>. Also, another research fond that protection of the research form that protection of the research form that protection of persons with disabilities is a constitutional right as referred to in Article 28H paragraph (2) of the 1945 Constitution, so that protection of persons with disabilities at the regional level is very important to be included in regional regulations so that they can provide legal certainty.<sup>4</sup>

#### B. Identified Problems

Problems faced by PwD mostly arise from the lack of understanding and awareness of the government and community regarding PwD and their existence as citizens. Society and even their families feel that disability is a disgrace and a shame, thus their families cover up their existence. PwD need

batamnews, "Dinsos Data 1846 Penyandang Disabilitas Se-Kepri," batamnews, 2019, h21://www.batamnews.co.id/berita-50935-dinsos-data-1846-penyandang-disabilitas-sekepri.html.

Priamsari, RR Putri A. "Hukum yang berkeadilan bagi penyandang disabilitas." Masalah Masalah Hukum 48, no. 2 (2019): 215-223.
 Ridlwan, Zulkarnain. "Perlindungan Hak-hak Konstitusional Penyandang Disabilitas (Rights of

Ridlwan, Zulkarnain. "Perlindungan Hak-hak Konstitusional Penyandang Disabilitas (Rights o Persons with Disabilities)." Fiat Justisia: Jurnal Ilmu Hukum 7, no. 2 (2013).

#### Universitas Internasional Batam Fakultas Hukum Jl. Gadjah Mada, Batam, 29442, Indonesia Phone: (0778) 743 7111 Ext, 140. Email: admin\_lipt@gmail.com

**Journal of Law and Policy Transformation** 

Website: https://journal.uib.ac.id/index.0hp/jlpt | E-ISSN: 2541-3139

JLPT Vol 7, No. 2-December 2022

education and work as well as proper social access to give them opportunities to contribute to their community. Hence, it become imperative to ascertain whether national laws, particularly regional regulations provide such opportunities, protection and special treatments to PwD.

Similar to other social beings, PwD have potentials, thus they must be given opportunities to participate optimally in all aspects of life. They even have great potentials to become change of socian agents for development and to make various excellent achievements at the local, national, and international levels. It is unfortunate that the rights of PwD are frequently ignored and even violated.<sup>5</sup> For instance, none of laws and regalations that specifically govern that PwD as victims of crime may be used as a basis for reasing the sentences of perpetrators to ensure legal protection for PwD.6 Women and children with disabilities are a group that has a high risk of facing discriminatory treatment and criminalization due to their physical limitations and the inherent identity. Hence, they become very vulnerable to becoming objects of violence. There are many challenges faced by PwD, yet this study limits to review the commitments of the Riau Islands Province Government on the Protection of Persons with Disabilities which are mandated by national and international laws. Accordingly, this study questions the compliances of the international and national legal instruments on PwD in the Riau Islands Province.

#### C. Research Methods

Legal research methods aim to provide guidelines, procedures for researcher 110 study, analyze, understand on how to conduct a legal research. Legal research is a scientific activity, which is based on certain methods, systematics and thoughts, which aims to study one or several certain legal phenomena, by analyzing them. In this conjunction, this study adopts a normative legal research which emphasizes on the use of library materials (secondary data) such as laws and regulations, articles, books, etc. In the data adopts a statutory approach because the objects of this study are international, national and local legal instruments (primary legal materials), namely the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities (CRPD) which was ratified through Law No. 19 of 2011 concerning Ratification of the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities, the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Rorif Desvyati, "Penerapan Indikator Kota Layak Anak Di Kota Tanjungpinang," *Journal of Law* a 10 Policy *Transformation* 2, no. 1 (2017): 89–112.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Puguh Ari Wijayanto, "Upaya Perlindungan Hukum Terhadap Kaum Difabel Sebagai Korban 33 dak Pidana" (Universitas Atma Jaya Yogyakarta, 2013).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Ishaq, *Metode Penelitian Hukum Dan Penulisan Skripsi, Tesis, Serta Disertasi* (Bandung: A22 beta, 2017).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Soerjono Soekanto, *Pengantar Penelitian Hukum* (Jakarta: UI Press, 2010).

Soerjono Soekanto, Penelitian Hukum Normatif: Suatu Tinjauan Singkat (Jakarta: Rajawali Press. 1998 27

Johnny Ibrahim, Teori & Metodologi Penelitian Hukum Normatif (Malang: Bayumedia Publishing, 2006).

Peter Mahmud Marzuki, Penelitian Hukum (Jakarta: Kencana, 2006).

#### Universitas Internasional Batam Fakultas Hukum Jl. Gadjah Mada, Batam, 29442, Indonesia Phone: (0778) 743 7111 Ext, 140. Email: admin\_ilpt@gmail.com

#### Journal of Law and Policy Transformation

Website: https://journal.uib.ac.id/index.0hp/jlpt | E-ISSN: 2541-3139

JLPT Vol 7, No. 2-December 2022

Constitution, Law No. 39 of 1999 concerning Human Rights, Law No. 8 of 2016 concerning Persons with Disabilities and the Riau Islands Province Regional Regulation No. 3 of 2012 containing the Protection and Empowerment of Persons with Disabilities. The secondary legal materials used by this study are the relevant journal articles, books and website

Since legal research is a series of activities that include several stages to achieve clear objectives that can be accounted for, both in terms of methodology, substance and results.<sup>12</sup> This study uses qualitative analysis (content analysis approach) by utilizing the following stages, namely 1) collecting the secondary data, 2) comparing and contrasting the data, 3) making a summary of the compared data, 4) analyzing the compared data based on their contents by describing, confirming and reviewing them (descriptive approach),13 5) drawing conclusions out of the analyses. It presents the fin descriptive, namely by legal regulations.

#### **Research Findings and Discussions**

The Compliances of the International Legal Instruments on PwD in the Riau Islands Province

World Health Organization (WHO) defines "disability as a condition of limited ability to carry out activities within the laits that are considered normal". It provides 3 categories of disability, namely:

- Impairment is an abnormal condition or loss of psychological or anatomical structure or function;
- Disability, inability or limitation as a result of an impairment to perform activities in a way that is considered normal for humans;
- Handicap, which is an adverse condition for a person due to an impairment disability that prevents him/her from fulfilling a normal role (in the context of age, gender, and cultural factors) for the person 26 ncerned.14

Sudibyo Markus who evaluated the rights of persons with disabilities to work for ILO (International Labor Organization) noted that there are 3 aspects of protection for PwD, namely 15:

Philosophical aspect. It is important to pay attention to the protection of PwD in order to fulfill his/her dignity as a

Irwansyah, Penelitian Hukum: Pilihan Metode & Praktik Penulisan Artikel (Yogyakarta: Mirra Bu 20 Media, 2020).

Mukti Fajar Nur Dewata and Yulianto Achmad, Dualisme Penelitian Hukum Normatif & Empiris (Malang: Bayumed 19 Publishing, 2005).

Sugiono, Ilhamuddin, and Arief Rahmawan, "Klasterisasi Mahasiswa Difabel Indonesia Berdasarkan Background Histories Dan Studying Performance," Indonesian Journal of Disability St. 19es 1, no. 1 (2014): 20-26.

Zulkarnain Ridlwan, "Perlindungan Hak-Hak Konstitusional Penyandang Disabilitas (Rights of Persons with 58 sabilities)," Fiat Justisia: Jurnal Ilmu Hukum 7, no. 2 (2013): 231-43, https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.25041/fiatjustisia.v7no2.382.

#### Universitas Internasional Batam Fakultas Hukum Jl. Gadjah Mada, Batam, 29442, Indonesia Phone: (0778) 743 7111 Ext, 140. Email: admin\_jipt@gmail.com

#### **Journal of Law and Policy Transformation**

Website : https://journal.uib.ac.id/index.0hp/jlpt | E-ISSN : 2541-3139

JLPT Vol 7, No. 2-December 2022

- human being. Accordingly, PwD must be treated humanely without any discrimination. 2.
- b. Juridical aspect. To guarantee that PwD is given special protection pertaining to his/her rights and positions and to protect them from discriminatory attitudes, it is imperative to establish strict and specific legal instruments. The guarantees and protections referred to in I ponesia have been included in the state Constitution Article 28 H paragraph (2) and Article 28 I of the 1945 Constitution.
- c. Sociological aspect. Protection for PwD is in line with Pancasilast he ideology of Indonesia. It is in particular stated in the Second Principle of Pancasila, namely "A just and civilized humanity. Formal protection efforts are certainly not adequate if they are not accompanied by supporting facilities to realize this equality. Accordingly, the government is required to optimize its budget and to provide adequate facilities and infrastructure for PwD, especially regarding access to education. employment opportunities and other social access in order to create independence and equality for PwD.

By virtue of the evaluation above, it is obvious that the government has an obligation to protect and to fulfill the rights of PwD. The obligation of the government in this regard is not only to focus on protection from violations by the state or other entities, but also to protect PwD from the threat of neglect or other exploitation. In relation to the obligation to fulfill, the gov soment must take legislative, administrative, juridical and practical 35 tions to fulfill the rights of PwD as mandated by the Constitution and related laws and regulations. Although it is the State ratifies the CRPD and the Central Government enacted the laws relevant to the protection of PwD rights, it does not mean that the local government has no contributions in the protection and respect the said rights. In fact, the roles and functions of local government is very important to enforce the relevant 53 ws to protect, respect and fulfill the rights of PwD at the local level. There is a strong linkage between human rights and local government since it has a primary function to make policies and decisions relating to education, housing, health, environment and law and order at local level. The implementation of human rights can only be optimally realized when the local government gives optimal supports through the local laws and policies and as well as provide means and infrastructures.

As previously mentioned, that the CRPD constitute a milestone in improving the protection and promotion of the rights of PwD since it affirms the general rights and specifications of PwD and as well as to regulate the mandate and obligations of the state party in fulfilling the rights of PwD, including "adjustment of national policies,



Website: https://journal.uib.ac.id/index.0hp/jlpt | E-ISSN: 2541-3139

JLPT Vol 7, No. 2-December 2022

realization of a disability inclusive environment, provision of reasonable accommodation and accessibility in various sectors, both physical and non-physical".16 It is undeniable that local government is the level closest to the daily needs of citizens, including PwD since they are part of citizens, hence the international legal instrument relevant to PwD, i.e. the CRPD must also be reflected and adapted by the local government in its local laws and policies. Table 2 shows the alignment of the CRPD with the Riau Islands Province Regulation No. 3 of 2012 concerning Protection and Empowerment of People with Disabilities (PERDA KEPRI on PwD).

Table 2. The Alignment of the CRPD and PERDA KEPRI on PwD					
178 cription	CRPD	PERDA KEPRI on PwD			
<b>Principles</b>	a. Respect for inherent	a. Faith and devotion to God			
	dignity, individual	Almighty;			
	autonomy including	b. Humanity;			
	the freedom to make	c. Non-benefit			
	one's own choices, and	discrimination;			
	independence of	d. Kinship;			
	persons;	e. Justice;			
	b. Non-discrimination;	f. Equality and equity;			
	c. Full and effective	g. Balance;			
	participation and	h. Harmony in life;			
	inclusion in society;	i. Protection;			
	d. Respect for difference	j. Law;			
	and acceptance of	1 ,			
	persons with	1. The best interests of			
	disabilities as part of	persons with disability,			
	human diversity and	science and technology,			
	humanity;	and respect for adat			
	e. Equality of	customs (Article 2).			
	opportunity;				
	f. Accessibility;				
	g. Equality between men				
	and women;				
	h. Respect for the				
	evolving capacities of				
	children with				
	disabilities and respect				
	for the right of children				
	with disabilities to				
	preserve their				
	identities.				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Hilmi Ardani Nasution and Marwandianto, "Memilih Dan Dipilih, Hak Politik Penyandang Disabilitas Dalam Kontestasi Pemilihan Umum: Studi Daerah Istimewa Yogyakarta," Jurnal HAM 10, no. 2 (2019): 161-78, https://doi.org/http://dx.doi.org/10.30641/ham.2019.10.161-178.



Website : https://journal.uib.ac.id/index.0hp/jlpt | E-ISSN : 2541-3139

JLPT Vol 7, No. 2-December 2022

		16
Purposes	To promote, protect and	The fulfillment of protection
	ensure the full and equal	and empowerment of persons
	enjoyment of all human	with disabilities aims to realize
	rights and fundamental	the independence and welfare
	freedoms by all persons	of persons with dis 26 lities by
	with disabilities, and to	giving respect and equality of
	promote respect foffiheir	position, rights, obligations and
	inherent dignity" (Article	roles of 44 persons with
	1)	disabilities in all aspects life
		and livelihood for the
		realization of social security
		and quality the lives of persons
		with disabilities, as well as
		increasing awareness and
		responsibility of the business
		world and the community in
		implementing 29 titutional and
		sustainable protection of
		persons with disabilities
TD e	771 ' '1 1 1'.' 1	2\rticle 3).
Types of	a. The civil and political	Persons with disabilities have
rights	rights for persons with disabilities which	the same rights and
		opportunities
	include "accessibility,	in terms of:
	recognition before the law and legal capacity,	a. Education;
	access to justice,	b. Health; c. Sport;
	participation in public	c. Sport; d. Art and culture;
	life (including the right	e. Employment;
	to vo <sup>2</sup> )".	f. Business/entrepreneurship;
	b. The economic, social,	g. Public service;
	and cultural rights of	h. Political;
	persons with	i. Legal aid; and
	disabilities, the CRPD	j. Information (Article 9).
	contains "respect for	J
	the family, right to	
	education, right to	
	health, habilitation and	
	rehabilitation, work	
	and employment, and	
	adequate standard of	
	living and social	
	protection".	

Table 2 shows that PERDA KEPRI on PwD has incorporates the principles, purposes and rights under the CRPD. PERDA explicitly

# Universitas Internasional Batam Fakultas Hukum Jl. Gadjah Mada, Batam, 29442, Indonesia Phone: (0778) 743 7111 Ext, 140. Email: admin\_ijpt@gmail.com

#### Journal of Law and Policy Transformation

Website: https://journal.uib.ac.id/index.0hp/jlpt | E-ISSN: 2541-3139

JLPT Vol 7, No. 2-December 2022

states in its Consideration that Law No.19 of 2011 concerning the Ratification of Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities obliges the ratifying state to make adjustments to their laws and regulations. Based on this Consideration, it integrates, adapts and adds specific principles, purposes and the PwD's rights to accommodate the characteristics of the Riau Islands Province. For example, the principle of "faith and devotion to God Almighty and respect for adat customs (customary laws)" are foreign to the CRPD. They exist in the PERDA because all of people in this province embrace religions or beliefs and remain to perform their customs (Malay customs) in their daily engagements. It is apparent that PERDA adopts the local wisdoms as its principles in providing protection, respecting and enforcing the rights of PwD. Although both the CRPD and PERDA have similar purposes, the PERDA elaborates the purposes of the CRPD and incorporates the term "obligations". It is clear that PERDA does not only provide the rights but also imposes obligations on PwD. The addition of the word "obligations" reflects that PERDA aims to balance the rights and obligations of PwD in their daily life engageme 24. Different from the CRPD which classifies the rights of PwD into the civil, political, economic, social, and cultural rights, the PERDA does not make such a classification. Yet, the rights for PwD under the CRPD have been adopted by the PERDA.

### 2. The Compliance of the National Legal Instruments on PwD in the Riau Islands Province

PwD have fundamental rights like humans in general, but there are special rights or treatment that they must receive as an effort to protect them from vulnerability and the possibility of various human rights violations. The rights of PwD are governed by the following national and regional laws, namely:

- a. The 1945 Constitution, especially Article 28 H paragraph
   (2) in conjunction with Article 28 I paragraph
   (2) of the 4545 Constitution.
- b. Law No. 39 of 1999 conc 49 ing Human Rights, especially Article 5 paragraph (3) in conjunction with Article 42 paragraph (2) of Law No. 39 of 1999 and Law No. 8 of 2016 concerning Persons with Disabilities.
- c. Government Regulation No.52 of 2019 concerning the Implementation of Social Welfare for Persons with Disabilities, Government Regulation No. 70 of 2019 concerning Planning, Implementation, and Evaluation of Respecting, Protecting, 43d Fulfilling the Rights of Persons with Disabilities, and Government Regulation No. 13 of 2020 concerning Adequate Accommodation for Students with Disabilities.
- Regional degulations, for example the Riau Islands Province Regional Regulation No. 3 of 2012 concerning



Website: https://journal.uib.ac.id/index.0hp/jlpt | E-ISSN: 2541-3139

JLPT Vol 7, No. 2-December 2022

the Protection and Empowerment of Persons with Disabilities.

The PwD Law imposes obligations on every local government to provide adequate accommodation, medical aids, concessions, habilitation and rehabilitation, special public services and disability service units. <sup>17</sup> The question is whether PERDA KEPRI includes the said rights. The answer to this question is answered by Table 3 which shows the alignment of the PERDA KEPRI as a local governmental regulation for the Riau Islands Province with the PwD Law as a national legal instrument on PwD.

Table 3. The Alignment of PERDA KEPRI with the National PwD Law Pertaining to the PwD Rights

Pertaining to the PwD Rights						
Types of rights	PwD Law	2 PERDA KEPRI				
	a. Rights of PwD under	Persons with disabilities				
	Article 5 paragraph	have the same rights and				
	(1) which contains 22	opportunities				
	types of rights,	in terms of:				
	including: (1) the	a. Education;				
	right to life; (2) free	b. Health;				
	from stigma; (3)	c. Sport;				
	privacy; (4) justice	d. Art and culture;				
	and legal protection;	e. Employment;				
	(5) education; (6)	f. Attempted;				
	employment,	g. Public service;				
	entrepreneurship and	h. Political;				
	cooperatives; (7)	i. Legal aid; and				
	health; (8) politics;	j. Information.				
	(9) religious; (10)	(Article 9)				
	sports; (11) culture					
	and tourism; (12)					
	social welfare; (13)					
	accessibility; (14)					
	public services; (15)					
	protection from					
	disasters; (16)					
	habilitation and					
	rehabilitation; (17)					
	concessions; (18)					
	data collection; (19)					
	living independently					
	and being involved in					
	society; (20) to					

R. R. Putri A. Priamsari, "Hukum Yang Berkeadilan Bagi Penyandang Disabilitas," *Masalah-Masalah* 36 *Hukum* 48, no. 2 (2019): 215–23, https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.14710/mmh.48.2.2019.215-223.



Website : https://journal.uib.ac.id/index.0hp/jlpt | E-ISSN : 2541-3139

JLPT Vol 7, No. 2-December 2022

1	
express,	
communinte and	
obtain information;	
(21) change place and	
nationality; (22) free	
from acts of	
discrimination.	
neglect, torture and	
exploitation.	
b. The rights of women	
with disabilities	
consist 26 types of	
rights under Article 5	
paragraph (1) and	
paragraph (2). Apart	
from the 22 23 pes of	
rights under Article 5	
paragraph (1), Article	
5 paragraph (2)	
provides additional 4	
rights, namely (1)	
right to reparture	
health; (2) to accept	
or refuse the use of	
contraceptives; (3) to	
get more protection	
from layered	
discrimination	
treatment; (4) to get	
more protection from	
acts of violence,	
including sexual	
exploitation violence.	
c. Rights of children	
with disabilities have	
29 types of rights	
other than the rights	
contained in Article 5	
paragraph (1). The	
are as follow: (1) to	
get special protection	
from discrimination,	
neglect, harassment,	
exploitation and	
sexual violence and	
crime; (2) to get care	
, (=) 10 811 3410	



Website : https://journal.uib.ac.id/index.0hp/jlpt | E-ISSN : 2541-3139

JLPT Vol 7, No. 2-December 2022

and care for a	
substitute family or	
family for optimal	
growth and	
development; (3) to	
have their interests	
protected in decision-	
making; (4) to treat	
children humanely in	
accordance with the	
dignity and rights of	
the child; (5) to meet	
special needs; (6)	
equal treatment with	
other children to	
achieve social	
integration and	
individual	
development; and (7)	
to get social	
assistance.	

Based on the rights of PwD presented in Table 3, it is obvious that the PERDA KEPRI does not specify the rights of women and children with disabilities as those under the PwD Law. This happens because the issuance of PERDA KEPRI was in 2012 which referred to the former law on PwD, namely Law Number 4 of 1997 concerning Handicapped Persons. Yet, the PERDA KEPRI remains to be valid since Article 150 of the current PwD Law mentions that all implementing regulations of the former PwD Law shall remain valid to the extent that they are not conflicting with provisions in the current PwD Law. PERDA KEPRI asserts the engagement of all stakeholders in enforcing the rights of PwD. The obligations and responsibilities impose on local governments, legal entities or business entities, communities, and families or parents of PwDas it is described by Article 5,6,7 and 8 of the PERDA KEPRI. To be more precise about the said articles, Table 4 shows their substances.

Table 4. The Obligations and Responsibilities of Stakeholders on the PwD Rights

Local	Legal Entities	Commu	nities (Article	e 7)	Fami	lies or
Government	or Business				Pare	ents of
(Article 5)	Entities				P	wD
	(Article 6)				(Art	icle 8)
Responsibilities	Obligations and	(1) The	community	has	The	legal



Website : https://journal.uib.ac.id/index.0hp/jlpt | E-ISSN : 2541-3139

JLPT Vol 7, No. 2-December 2022

and
Responsibilities
of Local
Governments
include:

- a. 29 plement policies for the protection of persons with disabilities determined by local governments;
- b. Establish policies, programs, and activities for t 17 protection of persons with disabilities;
- c. Cooperate in the implementati on of the protection of persons with disabilities;
- d. Provide
  support for
  facilities and
  infrastructure
  for t 188
  protection of
  persons with
  disabilities;
- e. Allocate
  budget for
  the
  implementati
  on of the
  protection of
  persons with
  disabilities in
  accordance

responsibilities of legal entities and business entities in providing 420tection to with persons disabilities as partners of the Regional Government in implementing the protection of

persons

disabilities.

- obligations and responsibilities through participation, as follows:
- a. Prov<sub>40</sub>: protection to persons with disabilities;
- b. Participate in the implementation of protection for persons with disabilities; and
- c. Provide data and information and/or report to local government officials and/or law enforceme 48 officers in the event of a violation of the implementation of the protection of persons with disabilities.
- (2) Community
  participation is a
  conscious effort by
  utilizing silisting
  capabilities in the
  context of realizing
  independence and
  welfare for persons
  with salisabilities based
  on the provisions of
  laws and regulations.
- (3) Community
  participation as
  referred to in
  paragraph (1) is
  carried out through the
  following activities:
  - a. Providing advice and consideration to local governments;

obligations of the family and/or parents to have full responsibility as a family member [of PwD].



Website : https://journal.uib.ac.id/index.0hp/jlpt | E-ISSN : 2541-3139

JLPT Vol 7, No. 2-December 2022

with the	b. Boviding	
regional	accessibility for	
financial	persons with	
capacity;	disabilities;	
f. Assist and	c. Establishment of	
facilitate	facilities and	
district/city	implementation of	
local	rehabilitation for	
governments	persons with	
in	disabilities;	
overcoming	d. Procurement and	
problems in	provision of expert	
the	or social assistance	
implemen 25	to implement or	
on of the	assist in	
fulfillment of	implementing	
the rights of	improvements 14	
persons with	social welfare for	
disabilities;	persons with	
and	disabilities;	
g. Fostering	e. Providing	
and	assistance in the	
supervising	form of material,	
the	financial and	
implemen 63	services for	
on of the	persons with	
protection of	disabilities; 14	
persons with	f. Providing equal	
disabilities.	opportunities and	
h. Further	treatment for	
provisions	persons with	
regarding the	disabilities in all	
obligations	aspects of life and	
and	livelihood;	
responsil 21 ti	g. Providing	
es of local	employment or	
governments	business	
for the	opportunities;	
protection of	h. Other activi	
persons with	that support the	
disabilities	implementation of	
are regulated	the fulfillment of	
by a	the rights of	
Governor	persons with	
Regulation.	disabilities in	
	accordance with	

### Universitas Internasional Batam Fakultas Hukum Jl. Gadjah Mada, Batam, 29442, Indonesia Phone: (0778) 743 7111 Ext, 140. Email: admin\_ipt@gmail.com

#### Journal of Law and Policy Transformation

Website : https://journal.uib.ac.id/index.0hp/jlpt | E-ISSN : 2541-3139

JLPT Vol 7, No. 2-December 2022

		the provisions of
		laws and
		regulations; and [59]
		i. Procurement of
		facilities and
		infrastructure for
		persons with
		disabilities.
	(4)	Community
	(1)	participation as
		referred to in
		paragraph (1) may be
		carried out by
		individuals, groups,
		legal entities,
		foundations, business
		entities and/or
		community
4		institutions.
Source: The Riau Islands Province R	egio	nal Regulation No. 3 of 2012 concerning

Source: The Riau Islands Province Regional Regulation No. 3 of 2012 concerning the Protection and Empowerment of Persons with Disabilities

PERDA KEPRI have been enforced by the stakeholders. For example, on 14 April 2022 the Department of Community and Village Empowerment, Population and Civil Registration (Dinas Pemberdayaan Masyarakat dan Desa Dukcapil) of the Riau Islands Province conducts the Simultaneous Movement for Population Administration Services for PwD.18 "This activity follows up on the circular letter of the Director General of Population and Civil Registration of the Indonesian Ministry of Home Affairs dated March 28, 2022, regarding the follow-up to the joint movement for administrative services for persons with disabilities." The activities consist of "Data Collection, Recording and Issuance of Population Documents to Build Inclusive Communities in the Riau Islands Province and the entire Sumatra Region". 19 The Indonesian Professional Social Workers Association (Ikatan Pekerja Sosial Profesional Indonesia/IPSPI) of Riau Islands Province together with the Riau Islands Provincial Social Service and the Ministry of Social Affairs held social assistance activities for people with disabilities in Riau Islands Province in September 2021. This social assistance

\_\_\_\_10

Dinas Pemberdayaan Masyarakat dan Desa, Kependudukan dan Pencatatan Sipil Provinsi Jopulauan Riau, "Kepri Siap Sukseskan Pelayanan Adminduk Bagi Penyandang Disabilitas," Dinas Pemberdayaan Masyarakat dan Desa Kependudukan dan Penca on Sipil Provinsi Kepulauan Riau, 2022, https://pmddukcapil.kepriprov.go.id/2022/04/16/kepri-siap-sukseskan-pelayanan-adminduk-bagi-penyandang-disabilitas/.

#### Universitas Internasional Batam Fakultas Hukum Jl. Godjoh Moda, Botam, 29442, Indonesia Ppone: (9778) 743 7111 Ext, 140. Email: admin\_ijpt@gmail.com

Journal of Law and Policy Transformation

Website: https://journal.uib.ac.id/index.0hp/jlpt | E-ISSN: 2541-3139

JLPT Vol 7, No. 2-December 2022

activity is to provide assistive devices for PwD (blind, deaf or mentally retarded persons).<sup>20</sup> The Lingga Police Chief, AKBP Fadli Agus, accompanied by the Communication Forum for Families of Persons with Disabilities (*Forum Komunikasi Keluarga Penyandang Disabilitas*/FKKPD) on 4 November 2022 provide the material supports to a person with a physical disability since birth in Dabo Lama Village, Singkep District, Lingga Regency.<sup>21</sup> The Office for the Protection of Women and Children (PPA) of Riau Islands Province in Tanjungpinang City from 14-21 October 2022 provided special services and protections to a girl with a disability who was sexually abused by her own father.<sup>22</sup>

#### E. Conclusions

PERDA KEPRI on PwD has incorporates the principles, purposes and rights under the CRPD. Nevertheless, it integrates, adapts and adds specific principles, purposes and the PwD's rights to accommodate the characteristics of the Riau Islands Province. Both the CRPD and PERDA KEPRI have similar purposes, but the PERDA KEPRI also imposes obligations on PwD to balance the rights and obligations of PwD in their daily life engagements. Different me the CRPD, the PERDA KEPRI does classify the rights of PwD into the civil, political, economic, social, and cultural rights. However, the rights for PwD under the CRPD have been adopted by the PERDA.

The current PwD Law is different from the PERDA KEPRI because the later does not specify the rights of women and children with disabilities as those under the PwD Law. This happens because the issuance of PERDA KEPRI was referred to the former law on PwD. However, this PERDA remains to be valid because the current PwD Law declares that all implementing regulations of the former PwD Law shall remain valid to the extent that they are not conflicting with provisions in the current PwD Law.

The commitments of the Riau Islands Province to protect, respect and enforce the rights of PwD are not only manifested in its written law which is complied with the national and international legal instruments, but it also realizes its local law on PwD concretely. In practices, not only the KEPRI local government but also local NGOs and communities have worked together to implement the PERDA KEPRI by providing various assistance and activities for PwD.

\_

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> Tobari, "IPSPI Kepri Gelar Asistensi Sosia 55 agi Penyandang Disabilitas," InfoPublik, 2021, https://infopublik.id/kategori/nusantara/568499/ipspi-kepri-gelar-asistensi-sosial-bagi-penyandang-disabilitas.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> TBNews, "Kapolres Lingga Berikan Bantuan Sosial Dan Santunan Kepada Penyandang Disabilitas Dalam Rangka Program Jum'at Berkah," TBNews, 2022, https://tribratanews.kepri.polri.go.id/2022/11/04/kapolres-lingga-berikan-bantuan-sosial-dan-santunan-kepada-penyandang-disabilitas-dalam-rangka-program-jumat-berkah/.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> Harry Suryadi Putra, "PPA Kepri Terus Dampingi FVA, Gadis Disabilitas Yang Hamil Diperkosa Ayah Kandung," batamnews, 2022, https://www.batamnews.co.id/berita-93694-ppa-kepri-terus-dampingi-fva-gadis-disabilitas-yang-hamil-diperkosa-ayah-kandung.html.



Website: https://journal.uib.ac.id/index.0hp/jlpt | E-ISSN: 2541-3139

JLPT Vol 7, No. 2-December 2022

#### REFERENCES

1945 Constitution of the Republic of Indonesia

batamnews. "Dinsos Data 1846 Penyandang Disabilitas Se-Kepri." batamnews, 2019. https://www.batamnews.co.id/berita-50935-dinsos-data-1846-penyandang-disabilitas-sekepri.html.

Desvyati, Rorif. "Penerapan Indikator Kota Layak Anak Di Kota Tanjungpinang." Journal of Law and Policy Transformation 2, no. 1 (2017): 89–112.

Dewata, Mukti Fajar Nur, and Yulianto Achmad. *Dualisme Penelitian Hukum Normatif & Empiris*. Malang: Bayumedia Publishing, 2005.

Dinas Pemberdayaan Masyarakat dan Desa Kependudukan dan Pencatatan Sipil Provinsi Kepulauan Riau. "Kepri Siap Sukseskan Pelayanan Adminduk Bagi Penyandang Disabilitas." Dinas Pemberdayaan Masyarakat dan Desa Kependudukan dan Pencatatan Sipil Provinsi Kepulauan Riau, 2022. https://pmddukcapil.kepriprov.go.id/2022/04/16/kepri-siap-sukseskan-pelayanan-adminduk-bagi-penyandang-disabilitas/.

Ibrahim, Johnny. *Teori & Metodologi Penelitian Hukum Normatif*. Malang: Bayumedia Publishing, 2006.

Irwansyah. Penelitian Hukum: Pilihan Metode & Praktik Penulisan Artikel. Yogyakarta: Mirra Buana Media, 2020.

Ishaq. Metode Penelitian Hukum Dan Penulisan Skripsi, Tesis, Serta Disertasi. Bandung: Alfabeta, 2017.

Law Number 19 of 2011 concerning Ratification of the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities

Law Number 39 of 1999 concerning Human Rights

Law Number 8 of 2016 concerning Persons with Disabilities

Marzuki, Peter Mahmud. Penelitian Hukum. Jakarta: Kencana, 2006.

Nasution, Hilmi Ardani, and Marwandianto. "Memilih Dan Dipilih, Hak Politik Penyandang Disabilitas Dalam Kontestasi Pemilihan Umum: Studi Daerah Istimewa Yogyakarta." *Jurnal HAM* 10, no. 2 (2019): 161–78. https://doi.org/http://dx.doi.org/10.30641/ham.2019.10.161-178.

Priamsari, R. R. Putri A. "Hukum Yang Berkeadilan Bagi Penyandang Disabilitas." *Masalah-Masalah Hukum* 48, no. 2 (2019): 215–23. https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.14710/mmh.48.2.2019.215-223.

Putra, Harry Suryadi. "PPA Kepri Terus Dampingi FVA, Gadis Disabilitas Yang Hamil Diperkosa Ayah Kandung." batamnews, 2022. https://www.batamnews.co.id/berita-93694-ppa-kepri-terus-dampingi-fva-gadis-disabilitas-yang-hamil-diperkosa-ayah-kandung.html.

Riau Islands Province Regional Regulation Number 3 of 2012 concerning the Protection and Empowerment of Persons with Disabilities

Ridlwan, Zulkarnain. "Perlindungan Hak-Hak Konstitusional Penyandang Disabilitas (Rights of Persons with Disabilities)." *Fiat Justisia: Jurnal Ilmu Hukum* 7, no. 2 (2013): 231–43. https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.25041/fiatjustisia.v7no2.382.

Soekanto, Soerjono. *Penelitian Hukum Normatif: Suatu Tinjauan Singkat*. Jakarta: Rajawali Press, 1998.

Soekanto, Soerjono. Pengantar Penelitian Hukum. Jakarta: UI Press, 2010.



Website : https://journal.uib.ac.id/index.0hp/jlpt | E-ISSN : 2541-3139

JLPT Vol 7, No. 2-December 2022

- Sugiono, Ilhamuddin, and Arief Rahmawan. "Klasterisasi Mahasiswa Difabel Indonesia Berdasarkan Background Histories Dan Studying Performance." Indonesian Journal of Disability Studies 1, no. 1 (2014): 20–26.
- TBNews. "Kapolres Lingga Berikan Bantuan Sosial Dan Santunan Kepada Penyandang Disabilitas Dalam Rangka Program Jum'at Berkah." TBNews, 2022. https://tribratanews.kepri.polri.go.id/2022/11/04/kapolres-linggaberikan-bantuan-sosial-dan-santunan-kepada-penyandang-disabilitas-dalam-rangka-program-jumat-berkah/.
- Tobari. "IPSPI Kepri Gelar Asistensi Sosial Bagi Penyandang Disabilitas." InfoPublik, 2021. https://infopublik.id/kategori/nusantara/568499/ipspi-keprigelar-asistensi-sosial-bagi-penyandang-disabilitas.
- Wijayanto, Puguh Ari. "Upaya Perlindungan Hukum Terhadap Kaum Difabel Sebagai Korban Tindak Pidana." Universitas Atma Jaya Yogyakarta, 2013.
- World Health Organization. "Disability." World Health Organization, 2022. https://www.who.int/news-room/fact-sheets/detail/disability-and-health.

### CP2024-J-Rina Shahriyani Shahrullah-The Riau Islands Province

ORIGINA	ALITY REPORT			
2 SIMILA	2% RRITY INDEX	21% INTERNET SOURCES	14% PUBLICATIONS	12% STUDENT PAPERS
PRIMARY	Y SOURCES			
1	eudl.eu Internet Source	ce		1 %
2	portal.re	esearch.lu.se		1 %
3	Submitte Student Paper	ed to Flinders U	niversity	1 %
4	seminar Internet Source	unmer.ac.id		1 %
5	scholar.u	unand.ac.id		1 %
6	WWW.SC	itepress.org		1 %
7	www.ilo	mata.org		1 %
8	Mustofa Pratama	to Bayu Setiawa n, Tia Rizki Febria a. "The Indonesi s Progression in	anti, Luvieand an Criminal La	ra Iw

# Regulation", Volksgeist: Jurnal Ilmu Hukum dan Konstitusi, 2022

Publication

9	Submitted to Universitas Negeri Semarang Student Paper	1 %
10	pmddukcapil.kepriprov.go.id Internet Source	1 %
11	Submitted to Universitas Sebelas Maret Student Paper	1 %
12	ijds.ub.ac.id Internet Source	1 %
13	open.library.ubc.ca Internet Source	1 %
14	Submitted to Universitas Indonesia Student Paper	1 %
15	valleyinternational.net Internet Source	1 %
16	jnse.ejournal.unri.ac.id Internet Source	<1%
17	www.oecbtb.org Internet Source	<1%
18	Submitted to Fakultas Teknologi Kebumian dan Energi Universitas Trisakti Student Paper	<1%

repository.radenintan.ac.id

19	Internet Source	<1%
20	sarangan.magetan.go.id Internet Source	<1%
21	Frichy Ndaumanu. "Hak Penyandang Disabilitas: Antara Tanggung Jawab dan Pelaksanaan oleh Pemerintah Daerah", Jurnal HAM, 2020	<1%
22	moam.info Internet Source	<1%
23	dinamikahukum.fh.unsoed.ac.id Internet Source	<1%
24	docplayer.net Internet Source	<1%
25	repository.umy.ac.id Internet Source	<1%
26	jurnal-umbuton.ac.id Internet Source	<1%
27	openjournal.unpam.ac.id Internet Source	<1%
28	ejurnal.ung.ac.id Internet Source	<1%
29	ijbmer.com Internet Source	<1%

3	o ssbfnet.com Internet Source	<1%
3	Sarbini Sarbini. "Eksistensi Asas Proporsionalitas dalam Hukum Perjanjian: Manifestasi dan Dinamika", Al Qisthas Jurnal Hukum dan Politik, 2022	<1%
3	ojs.unud.ac.id Internet Source	<1%
3	repository.iainkudus.ac.id  Internet Source	<1%
3	Submitted to University of Aberdeen Student Paper	<1%
3	Achmad Fikri Rasyidi. "Private Limited Company in Indonesian Positive Law: Elaborating The Basic Concept of Corporate Law, Comparison to Other Countries and Its Development", Jurnal Penelitian Hukum De Jure, 2022 Publication	<1%
3	aksiologi.org Internet Source	<1%
3	7 jurnal.uin-antasari.ac.id Internet Source	<1%
3	8 www.dinf.ne.jp Internet Source	<1%

39	jurnal.balitbangda.lampungprov.go.id Internet Source	<1%
40	jurnal.unikal.ac.id Internet Source	<1%
41	jurnal.unissula.ac.id Internet Source	<1%
42	mospi.gov.in Internet Source	<1%
43	Voi.id Internet Source	<1%
44	Submitted to Syntax Corporation  Student Paper	<1%
45	Submitted to Universitas Pendidikan Ganesha Student Paper	<1%
46	www.iosrjournals.org Internet Source	<1%
47	"Public Health Perspectives on Disability", Springer Science and Business Media LLC, 2011 Publication	<1%
48	Bertrand G. Ramcharan. "The Fundamentals of International Human Rights Treaty Law", Brill, 2011 Publication	<1%

49	Internet Source	<1%
50	www.ejournal.um-sorong.ac.id Internet Source	<1%
51	www.ilo.org Internet Source	<1%
52	Charles G. Ngwena. "Reproductive autonomy of women and girls under the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities", International Journal of Gynecology & Obstetrics, 2018 Publication	<1%
53	dsq-sds.org Internet Source	<1%
54	etheses.uin-malang.ac.id Internet Source	<1%
55	inilahkepri.id Internet Source	<1%
56	journal.hmjournals.com Internet Source	<1%
57	journal.unj.ac.id Internet Source	<1%
58	nalrev.fhuk.unand.ac.id Internet Source	<1%

Puji Lestari, Raodah Raodah. "Accessibility of <1% 59 Persons with Disabilities on the Review of Disability Figh", Santri: Journal of Pesantren and Figh Sosial, 2020 Publication cdm16120.contentdm.oclc.org <1% 60 Internet Source eprints.walisongo.ac.id 61 Internet Source repository.ub.ac.id 62 Internet Source birmingham.elsevierpure.com 63 Internet Source eprints.uad.ac.id 64 Internet Source Submitted to Liberty University 65 Student Paper www.unicef.org 66 Internet Source

Exclude quotes On Exclude bibliography On

Exclude matches

Off