JURIDICAL ANALYSIS ON THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE NEW LAW PRINCIPLE OVERRIDES THE OLD ACT (LEX POSTERIORI DEROGAT LEGI PRIORI) IN THE CASE OF SEXUAL CRIMES COMMITTED BY PARENTS AGAINST THEIR CHILDREN IN TUBAN DISTRICT (CASE STUDY OF TUBAN DISTRICT COURT DECISION NUMBER 122/PID.SUS/2018/PN.TBN).

NPM: 1551134

LISNA KURNIATI

Abstract

This research was conducted with the aim of finding out whether the Implementation of the New Law Principle Overrides the Old Act (Lex Posteriori Derogat Legi Priori) in the Case of Sexual Crimes committed by Parents Against Their Children in Tuban District (Case Study of District Court Decision Tuban Number 122 / Pid.Sus / 2018 / Pn.Tbn).

This research was conducted by researchers using normative research methods, this research is the main approach to library data and the existing laws in Indonesia. The method of data analysis used in this study is to use qualitative analysis, namely by explaining and explaining data in the form of sentences arranged with the subject, objectives and concepts related to it systematically, then the discussion and analysis of the conclusions are in response on the subject raised in research.

Based on the results of this study, it can be concluded that the judge in imposing a sentence on the Tuban District Court Decision Number 122/Pid.Sus/2018/Pn.Tbn against the defendant did not comply with the prevailing laws and regulations in Indonesia and the judge did not decide not to use The principles applicable in the Republic of Indonesia.

Keywords: Molestation, Child Protection, Principle of Lex Posteriori Derogat Legi Priori.