

## CHAPTER V CONCLUSION

### A. Conclusions

From the results of this study, conclusions can be taken as following table:

*Table 5.1. Conclusions*

Factors	Effective	Ineffective	Obstacles	Solution
a. Law or regulation	√			
b. Law enforcement		√	not all of the program completely or fully implemented by the government or related legal entity because of insufficient fund or lack of idea to create some affordable and attractive child friendly programs	<i>Dinas Pemberdayaan Perempuan dan Perlindungan Anak Kota Batam</i> , Regional Organizations, <i>Musyawarah Pimpinan Daerah</i> , all of them must have a strong commitment / devotion to be involved directly. Starting with introduce to community “What the Child-Friendly City is” by door to door or socialization by go to

				school then promote those Child-Friendly places that had been built, promotion could in various way such as post it to social media / put it on advertisement on main street, schools, mall, etc., eventually people will start to notice it.
c. Facilities		√	Facilities that built located only in several spot of the city, turns out not every citizens could enjoy it because of the lack of promoting or socialization, not so attractive, neglected, too far from their home, etc.,	It would be great if those places got some maintenance, if there is more budget from the government it would be great to build more attractive places for children, lack of safety zebra cross zone in school area hopefully there will be more safe crossing zone in Batam City's schools.
d. Community		√	Lack of concerns (society / people), lack of socialization on Community	Socialization is needed to the society by <i>Dinas Pemberdayaan Perempuan dan</i>

			Organizations / society / people in a big scale to know “What the Child-Friendly City is”.	<i>Perlindungan Anak Kota Batam</i> , Regional Organizations, <i>Musyawarah Pimpinan Daerah</i> .
e. Cultural		√	Facilities that built does not attract nowadays childrens because of their culture has mixed with modern culture (gadgets).	Improvement is needed for creating program along with nowadays technology to attract nowadays childrens.

*Source: Analyzed by Author Based on Observation and Interview Results*

1. Based on the results of the research and discussion in the previous chapter, it can be concluded that the process of implementing the city of Batam as a Child-Friendly City (KLA) has been carried out since 2013, but all stages have not been fully implemented.
2. The obstacles in implementing the KLA are law enforcement conducted relevant stakeholders in Batam City, lack of facilities provided to support better implementation of the KLA, lack of attention and supports from local community in Batam City, local culture which impedes the fully implementation of the KLA.
3. The solutions of the obstacles mention above are cooperations among all relevant stakeholders in Batam City as the law enforcers of the KLA, well suustainable care for the KLA facilities, concrete desimination to society for them to fully understand the KLA function, the KLA program adjustment to meet the youth culture today.

## **B. Recommendations**

In dealing with various problems that arise, of course a solution is needed

so that organizational goals can be achieved. In an effort to overcome the obstacles that arise it is very necessary to try the following things:

1. *Dinas Pemberdayaan Perempuan dan Perlindungan Anak Kota Batam,*

Regional Organizations, *Musyawarah Pimpinan Daerah*, could try to socialization in a modern way, because with nowadays hi-technology promote or introduce something become way easier than before, author would recommend socialization by using led screen that located in the center of the city, using social media promotion for cost saving.

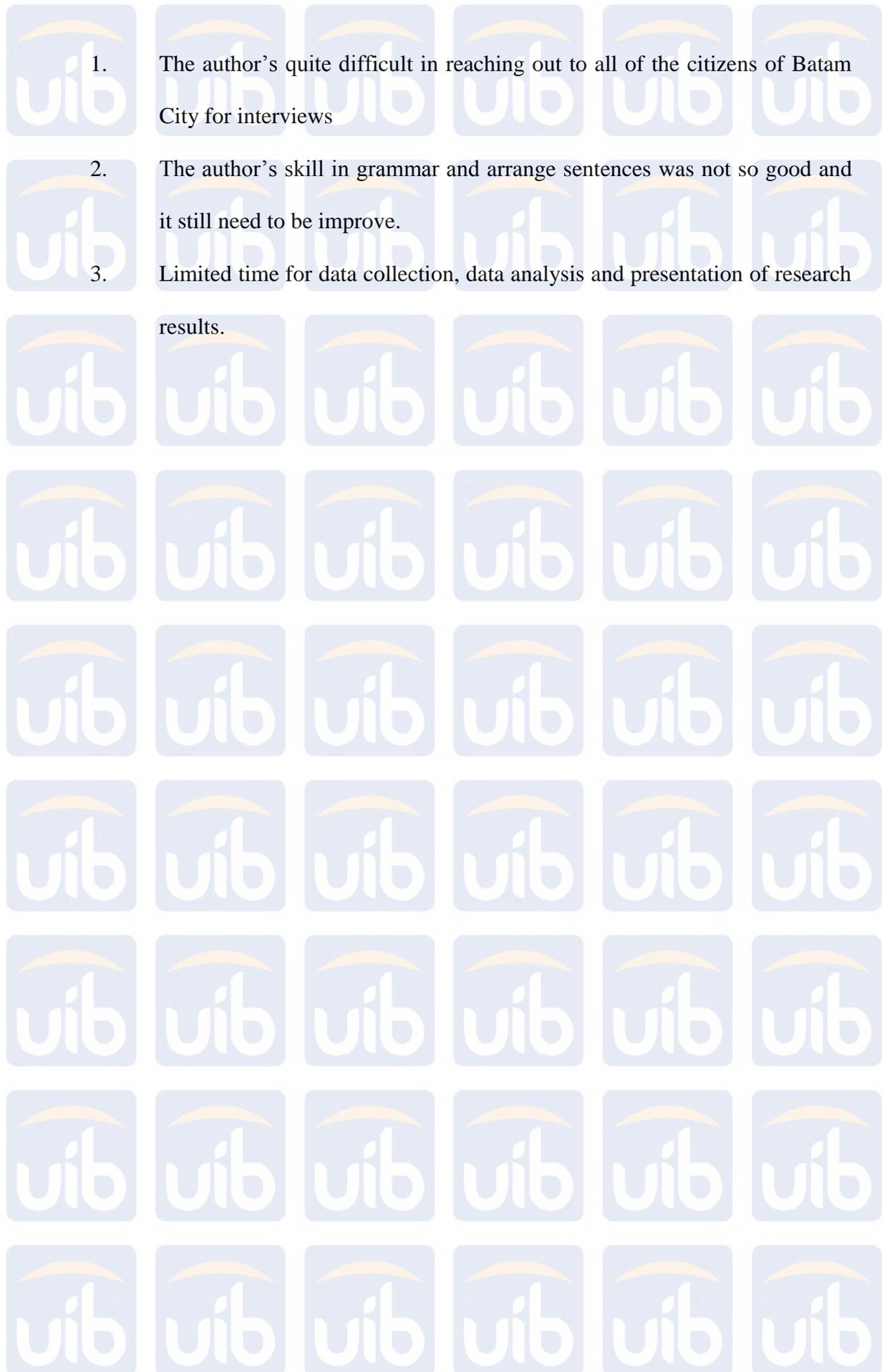
2. *Dinas Pemberdayaan Perempuan dan Perlindungan Anak Kota Batam*

and Mayor could create some contest that boost children's creativity, can also create some places (playground, garden, zoo, etc..) that provides led screen with speaker that contain some aducational short stories, batam city history, *Melayu* culture, Indonesia's icons, etc. Because it would attract nowadays children by following the trending technology but also educate and support children to go outside and play with the other children, the places that build at the outdoor must have haven or gazebo so people could take a rest or avoid from sunscreen or rain.

## **C. Limitations**

This research may be far from perfect and it is very possible that there is a mistake because in study, the author faces several limitations that could influence

the results of the research conducted, while these limitations include:



1. The author's quite difficult in reaching out to all of the citizens of Batam City for interviews

2. The author's skill in grammar and arrange sentences was not so good and it still need to be improve.

3. Limited time for data collection, data analysis and presentation of research results.