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JURIDICAL REVIEW OF ENVIRONMENTAL LAW ENFORCEMENT TO IMPORTER COMPANIES USING IMPORTED RAW MATERIALS OF NON WASTE OF HAZARDOUS AND TOXIC MATERIALS (B3) IN BATAM CITY BASED ON LAW NUMBER 32 OF 2009 CONCERNING PROTECTION AND MANAGEMENT OF ENVIRONMENT

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Abstract

The research was carried out with the aim of finding out environmental law enforcement against importing companies that use hazardous and non-hazardous (B3) waste raw materials carried out by the Batam City Environment Agency based on Law Number 32 of 2009 concerning Environmental Protection and Management. Industrial recycling of non-hazardous and toxic (B3) plastic waste into plastic pellets imported from abroad requires close supervision to prevent environmental pollution that can endanger the surrounding environment and the next generation.

This research was conducted by the author using empirical legal research methods because in this study the authors used primary data that the authors obtained from the Batam City Environment Agency, namely the Head of Supervision and Enforcement Division through interviews and data collection relating to importing companies that were proven to import raw materials contaminated with waste and B3 waste.

Based on the results of research conducted by researchers, it can be concluded that industrial businesses that use non-hazardous and toxic (B3) plastic waste raw materials are still found mixed with trash and hazardous and toxic (B3) waste as researchers study using the legal system theory proposed by legal expert Lawrence M. Friedman regarding the legal system which, based on this theory, says that law can work well if it is supported by 3 factors, namely legal structure, legal substance and legal culture.

Keywords: law enforcement, environmental law, import of non-hazardous and toxic waste