PROHIBITION OF SELF-PROMOTION OR PUBLICATION THROUGH ELECTRONIC MEDIA BY THE NOTARY AS A PUBLIC OFFICER ACCORDING TO THE NOTARY CODE OF ETHICS

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Abstract

The implementation of this research is carried out with the aim to find out what underlies the existence of sanski for Notaries who violate the Code of Ethics in conducting promotion or self-publication through electronic media and how the application of sanctions and procedures.

This research was conducted by researchers using empirical juridical research methods, where by collecting secondary data, namely data obtained in the study of literature and then poured together into the data obtained through the field namely primary data. After that the problems will be formulated which are then raised in this study and then analyzed using qualitative analysis, namely by explaining and explaining the data in the form of sentences arranged with the subject, objectives and concepts related to it systematically, then the discussion and analysis of the conclusions were carried out in response to the topics raised in the study.

Based on the results of this study, it can be concluded that there is an inefficiency in applying sanctions to violations of the Code of Ethics, there are obstacles that hinder the enforcement of the Code of Ethics as regulated. Notaries in terms of carrying out their duties and positions must be in accordance with the rules and applicable laws, so that the institutions formed in this case are the Supervisory Board and Honorary Board to oversee the performance of Notaries can also pay more attention to the quality of Notaries in Indonesia.

Keywords : Notary, Code of Ethics, Supervisory Board, Honorary Board, Violations